



HEBREWS

[JESUS IS BETTER]

TENTATIVE SCHEDULE

Date	Chapters	Topic(s)
4-18-21	1-2	Intro, Angels/Torah
4-25-21	3-4	Moses/Promised Land
5-2-21	5-6	Priesthood
5-9-21	7-8	Melchizedek/High Priest
5-16-21	9-10	Tabernacle/Covenant
5-23-21	11-13	Living By Faith

AUTHOR: ?

- PAUL?
- BARNABAS?
- APOLLOS?



THE LETTER TO THE HEBREWS

JESUS IS THE ULTIMATE REVELATION OF GOD



AUDIENCE: ?



SEE 10:32-34
PERSECUTION & IMPRISONMENT

THROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF THE OLD TESTAMENT SCRIPTURE



2 MAIN GOALS

#1 ELEVATE JESUS AS SUPERIOR

#2 CHALLENGE THE READER TO REMAIN FAITHFUL TO JESUS DESPITE PERSECUTION

1:1-3 IN THE PAST GOD SPOKE TO OUR ANCESTORS IN MANY DIFFERENT WAYS, BUT IN THESE LAST DAYS HE HAS SPOKEN TO US IN HIS SON

1-2 ANGELS & TORAH

THE OLD TESTAMENT IS GOD'S LIGHT

WARNING: DON'T DISOBEY

JESUS IS SUPERIOR TO GOD'S WORD

3-4 MOSES & THE PROMISED LAND

WARNING: DON'T DISOBEY

HOPE FOR THE NEW CREATION

5-7 PRIESTS & MELCHIZEDEK

WARNING: DON'T DISOBEY

BEING A PRIEST

8-10 SACRIFICE & COVENANT

WARNING: DON'T DISOBEY

PERFECT SACRIFICE

- 11-13 DESPITE HARDSHIP & PERSECUTION GOD IS NOT ABANDONING HIS PEOPLE
- ABEL
 - ENOSH
 - NOAH
 - ABRAHAM
 - SARAH
 - ISAAC
 - JACOB
 - JOSEPH
 - MOSES
 - BARNA

Extra Tips

#1 LOOK UP OLD TESTAMENT QUOTATIONS (THERE ARE A LOT)

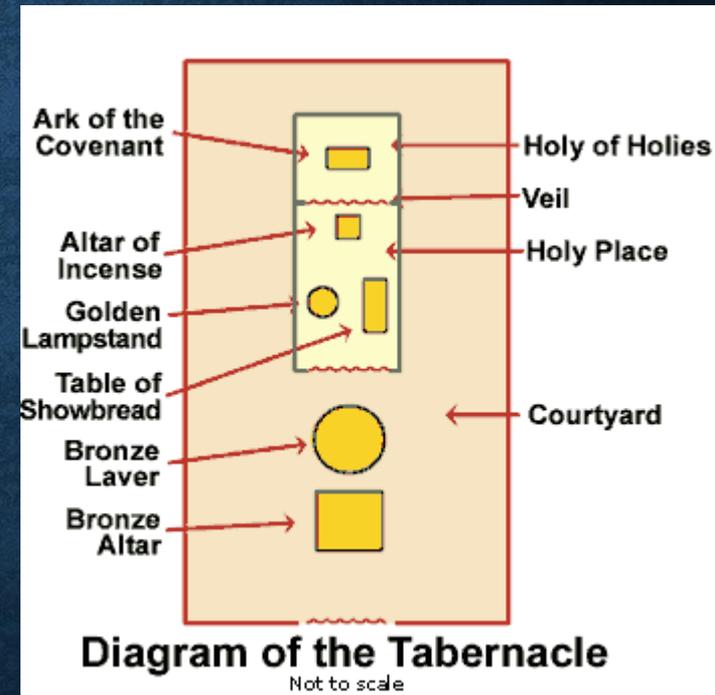
#2 THE POINT IS TO FEEL A BIT UNCOMFORTABLE, BUT NOT AFRAID

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HEBREWS 9:1-5

THE EARTHLY HOLY PLACE

- Chapter 8 ended with “In speaking of a _____ Covenant, he makes the first _____. And what is becoming _____ and growing _____ is ready to vanish away.” What two things did the old covenant have? (1)
 - Regulations for _____
 - An _____ for _____
- What was in the Holy Place? (2)
- What was in the Most Holy Place? (3-5)



HEBREWS 9:6-10

THE EARTHLY HOLY PLACE

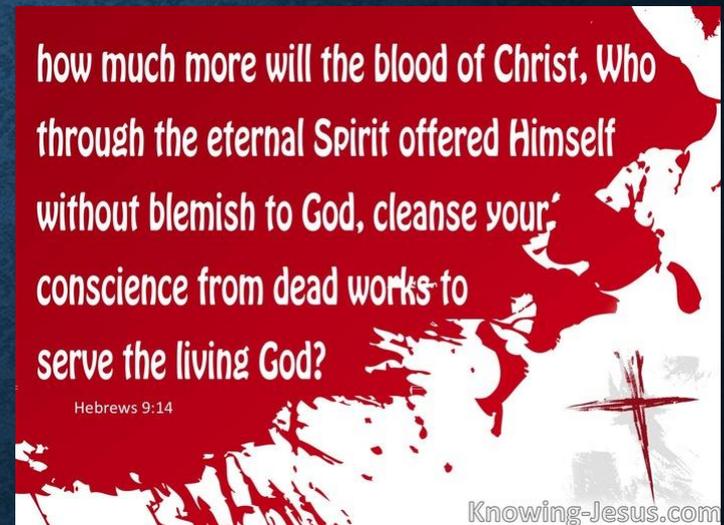
- Who goes into the first section? Why? (6)
- Who goes into the second? Why? (7)
 - What does this section symbolize?
 - What does he take with him?
- What does this act indicate according to the author of Hebrews? (8)
 - “the _____ is not _____...” (8)
- What can gifts and sacrifices NOT do?
 - _____ the _____ of the worshiper.
 - Thus these physical acts were limited!



HEBREWS 9:11-14

THE BLOOD OF CHRIST

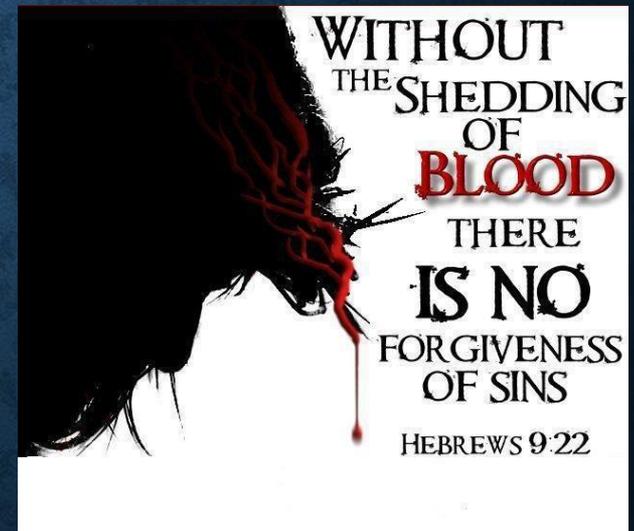
- Christ appeared as a high priest of what?
(11) What are they?
- What tent does Jesus enter? (11-12)
 - “_____ and more _____ tent...”
 - How does he enter? His own _____
- What did the blood of bulls and goats purify? _____ (13)
- What does the blood of Christ purify? (14) “our _____ from _____ works”
- Why is it important that we “serve the _____ God?” (14)



HEBREWS 9:15-22

THE BLOOD OF CHRIST

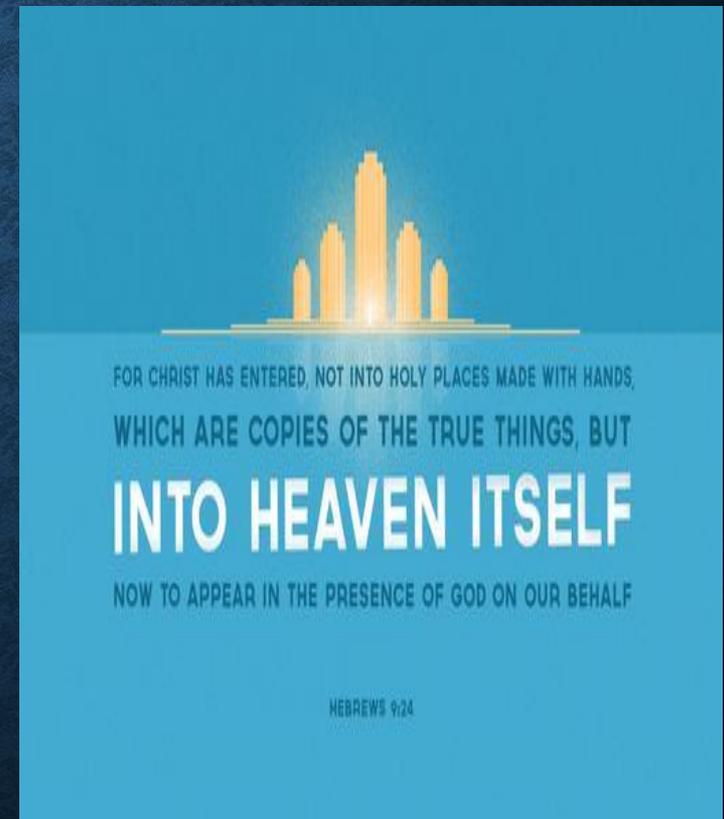
- What is a mediator? How is Christ a “mediator of a _____?” (15)
- “Will” and “covenant” are the same word. (16) When does a will take effect? (17) only at _____.
- V. 18 makes the point that even the first covenant points to Jesus’ _____.
- What did Moses do with the blood? (19-21) What did he say? (20)
- Why did he do this? Because “without the _____ of blood there is no _____ of _____. (22)



HEBREWS 9:23-28

THE BLOOD OF CHRIST

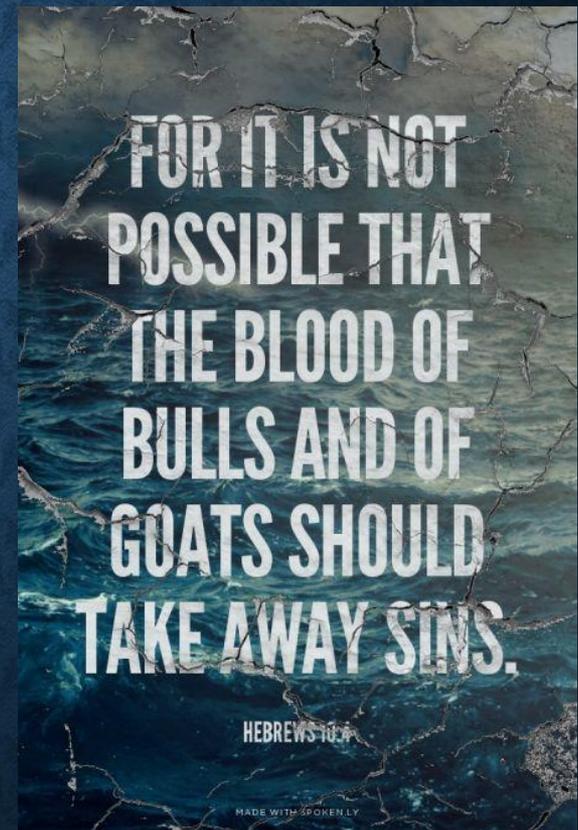
- How is the tabernacle, etc. described? (23) Do heavenly things need to be purified with the same rites?
- Where did Christ enter? (24) Why?
 - Into _____ itself, not to appear in the _____ of _____ on our _____.
- How frequently did the priest enter? (25) How often does Jesus? (26)
- What happens after a man dies? (27)
- What happens after Christ dies? (28) _____ a second time... to _____ ...



HEBREWS 10:1-4

CHRIST'S FOREVER SACRIFICE

- What can the law never do? (1) "... make _____ those who _____ near."
- How do we know this? (2) "would they not have _____ to be _____".
- Instead, the sacrifices are a " _____ of _____ every year." (3)
- And here's the point: "For it is _____ for the blood of _____ and _____ to take away _____." According to Gen 1:26-27, why?



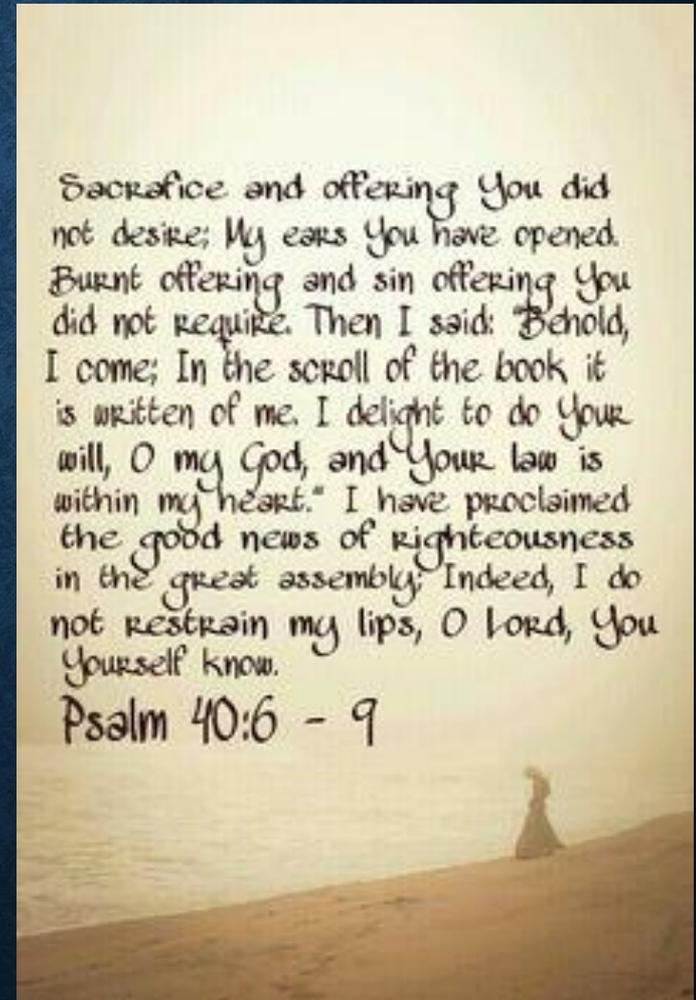
HEBREWS 10:5-10

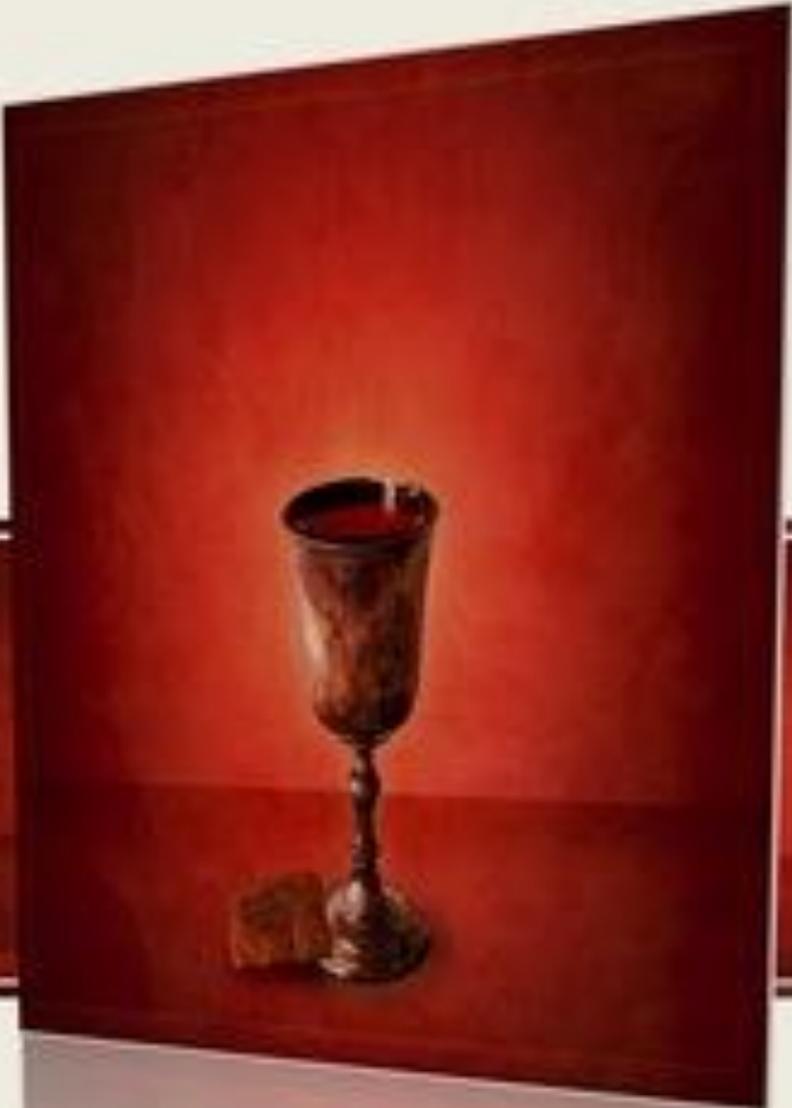
CHRIST'S FOREVER SACRIFICE

- The author quotes the LXX Psalm 40:4-8. These are David's words, but why is it not David?
- What does God not take pleasure in? (5-7) What has Jesus come to do? Where does he say this? (Matt. 26:39)
- What is the "first" that Christ did away with? (9)
- What is the second he established?

Sacrifice and offering You did not desire; My ears You have opened. Burnt offering and sin offering You did not require. Then I said: Behold, I come; In the scroll of the book it is written of me. I delight to do Your will, O my God, and Your law is within my heart." I have proclaimed the good news of righteousness in the great assembly; Indeed, I do not restrain my lips, O Lord, You Yourself know.

Psalm 40:6 - 9





My Father! If it is possible,
let this cup of suffering be
taken away from Me.

**YET I WANT YOUR
WILL, NOT MINE
TO BE DONE.**

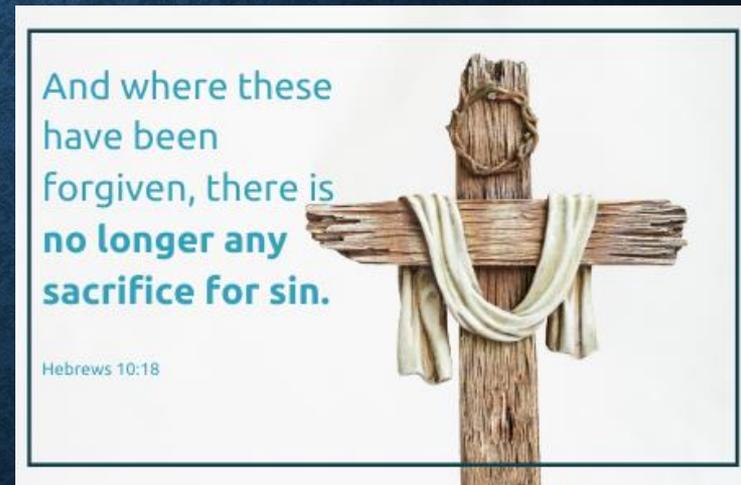
Matthew 26:39

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HEBREWS 10:11-18

CHRIST'S FOREVER SACRIFICE

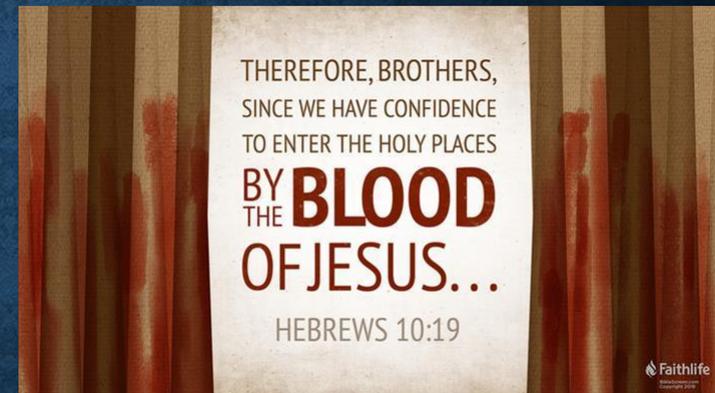
- Why do priests stand? (11)
- What is Jesus doing? (12-13) What does that signify?
- V. 14 is interesting. Note the tenses: “For by a single offering, he _____ for _____ those who _____.” What do you think it means?
- The author now quotes Jer. 31 again to validate Jesus’ sanctifying work. What’s the point of it all? (18)



HEBREWS 10:19-25

FULL ASSURANCE OF FAITH

- What word begins v. 19? What is the point of v. 19-22? What can we now do?
 - What is the curtain? (20) How was it opened? (Matt. 27:51)
- V. 21 serves as a summary of 18-20 and a transition to the following verses. Since Christ sacrificed Himself as the atonement for our sins, we can come before Him in confidence knowing our sins are paid for.



HEBREWS 10:19-25

FULL ASSURANCE OF FAITH

- What are the 3 “Let us...” statements?
 - 22 - _____
 - 23 - _____
 - 24 - _____
- How do these fit with 1 Corinthians 13:13



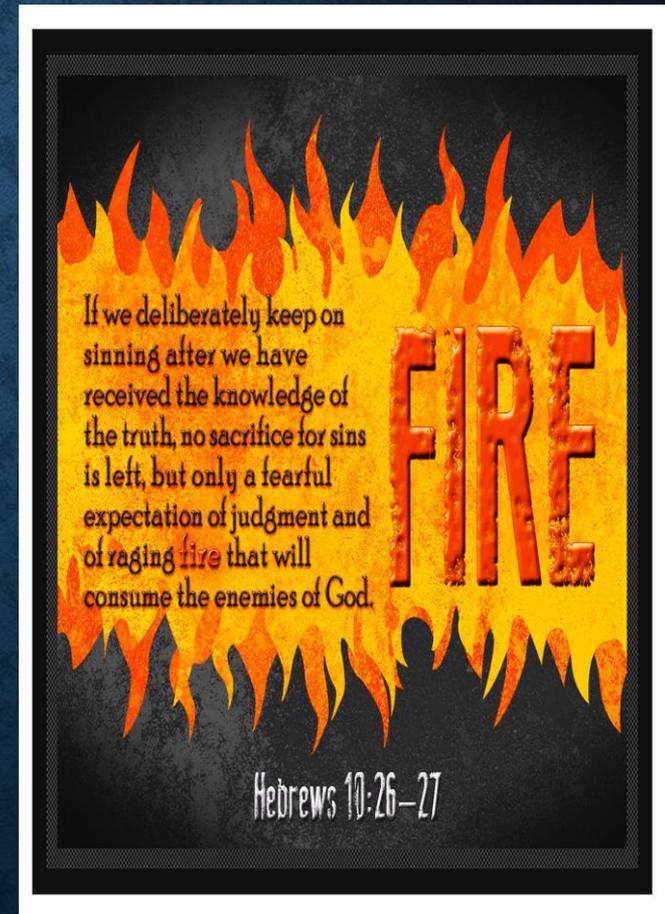
- Why do people need this encouragement?
(25) Why might they have done this?



HEBREWS 10:26-31

WARNING #4

- The writer is warning people against “apostasy”. What is apostasy?
- What is the first act mentioned? (26) Why is this apostasy and what does it result in?
- What happened to people who “apostatized” in the OT? (28)
- What would be the penalty under the New Covenant for apostasy? (29-30)
- What is the final warning about apostasy? (31)



HEBREWS 10:32-39

WARNING #4

- Those were some of the scariest words in the Bible. What word does v. 32 begin with? What is the author doing?
- What kinds of experiences had the Hebrews experienced as Christians? (32-33)
- How did they respond to persecution? (34)
- 35-39 incorporate the “Let us” statements of 22-24. What do you see?
 - Faith (35)- _____
 - Hope (36) - _____
 - Love (37) - _____



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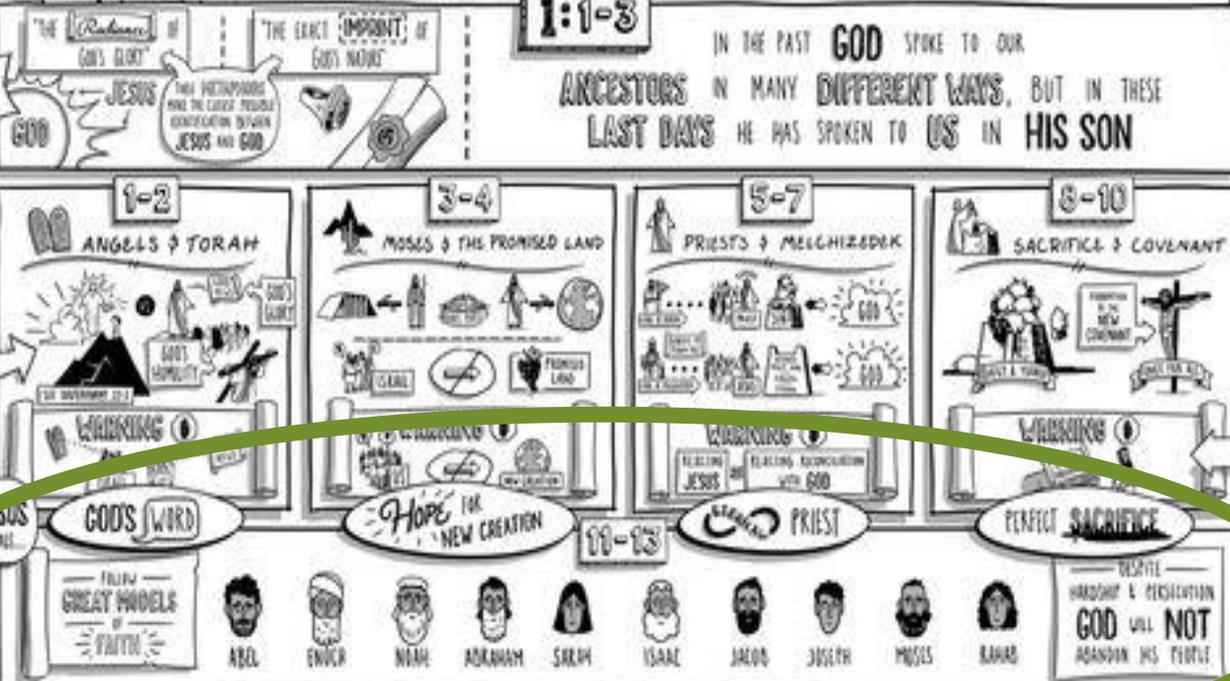
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GOD'S WORD

HOPE FOR THE NEW CREATION

BECOME A PRIEST

PERFECT SACRIFICE

FILM GREAT MODELS OF FAITH

- ABEL
- ENOSH
- NOAH
- ABRAHAM
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